Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
British Library British Library	n Area India Office Records and Private Papers India Office Records and Private Papers	L/PJ/7/12258 L/PJ/7/12239	Copy of a cable received by Lord Listowel from All-India Marwari Federation A Bill to nullify forcible conversions and marriages	17-May- 47 09-Apr- 47	Telegram sent by the All-India Marwari Federation urging for immediate partition of Bengal lest any delay may intensify communal situation, and appointing Boundry [sic]Commission A Bill forwarded to the Permanent Under-Secretary of State for India by Additional Deputy Secretary to the Govt. of India, in view of 'forcible mass conversion during the recent disturbances in Noakhali and other	Susil Kumar Roy Chowdhury Manoranjan Biswas	places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	L/PJ/7/12238	A resolution of the Committee formed in connection with Bengal partition movement in the UK	13-May- 47	districts in Bengal in 1946 A resolution adopted by the committee of Bengali Hindus residing in th UK demanding a separate portion of Bengal for Hindus to remain in the All-Indian Union	Jadunath sarkar, Ramesh Chandra Majumder, Meghnad Saha, Sisisr Mitra, Sunite Chattaerjee	
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	L/PJ/7/12238	A telegram sent to Lord Listowel by some Bengali intellectuals in support of immediate formation	08-May- 47	A telegram sent to Lord Listowel by some Bengali intellectuals in support of immediate formation of separate West Bengal under noncommunal ministry	Lord Mountbatte n, Gandhi, Jinnah, Nehru	

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area		of separate West Bengal	dates		persons	places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	L/PO/6/123, PT 1	Viceroy's Personal Reports on conditions of India	02-Apr- 47	Viceroy's personal repots on the conditions of India before the Indian Independence and Partition. Accounts of his negotiations with Indian leaders.		
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	L/I/1/770	Partition of Provinces of Bengal and the Punjab: Appointment of Boundary Commission	26-May- 48	Correspondences of different agencies/organizations with Commonwealth Relations Office for maps of India and Pakistan. Appointment of Boundary Commissions for Punjab and Bengal		
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	R/3/1/159	Question of Regional Ministers in Bengal for the interim period between the decision to partition Bengal and the advent of Dominion Status	03-Jun- 47	Reports and proposals for interim Coalition Ministry in Bengal and Punjab provinces for the time between decision to partition Bengal and advent of Dominion status.	Jinnah, Suhrawardy	

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	Mss	Partition-India	1943-	Papers relating to Inter-dominion		
Library	Office	Eur/F/158/25		1950	Conferences held July & December		
	Records	9: 1943-1950			1948 & January 1949, Cuttings of		
	and				British newspapers relating to the		
	Private				Partition May 1947-January 1948		
	Papers						
British	India	L/E/8/6279:	India's Economic	June-	Two articles 'India's Economic and		
Library	Office	Jun-Oct 1948	and Industrial	October	Industrial Trends since Partition' (<i>The</i>		
	Records		Trends since	1948	Board of Trade Journal, 3 July 1948),		
	and		Partition		and India's Partition (The Investors'		
	Private				Chronicle, Oct 2 1948).		
D '4' 1	Papers	3.4	D ' 1 1'		D 1 (4 77' 1 44	IDT	
British	India	Mss	Papers including		Proposals sent to Viceroy about the	J.D Tyson,	
Library	Office	Eur/E/341/46	telegrams exchanges		procedures to divide Bengal in case a	Lord Ismay,	
	Records		between the Viceroy and Governor of		partition was required. Proposal to		
	and Private				keep Calcutta out of the plan as both		
			Bengal concerning		parties might show their interests to have it in their part. Viceroy disagrees		
	Papers		the position of Calcutta after		with the proposal of a 'free Calcutta'		
			Partition		with the proposal of a free Calcutta		
British	India	Mss	Partition (incl	1942-	Collection pf pamphlets published in	C. Rahmat	London
Library	Office	Eur/F/158/61	pamphlets published	1947	Great Britain by Muslim	Ali, Ali M.	
	Records	5	by The All-India		organizations like All-India Muslim	Khan,	
	and		Muslim League,		League, The Pakistan national	Jinnah	
	Private		Muslim India		Movement Muslim India Information		
	Papers		Information Centre)		centre		
British	India	L/PJ/7/12391	Enquiries about	11-Aug-	Enquiries about nationality of a	Denys H.	
Library	Office		nationality of a	47	British descent living in India after	Rigby	
	Records		British descent		Partition		
	and						

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
	Private Papers		living in India after Partition				

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	Neg/15539/7	Mountbatten Papers	1947-48	Naval Plan Papers, Indian officers	Cyril	Sylhet,
Library	Office				trained as quickly as possible to meet	Radcliffe,	Calcutta
	Records				the deficiency, British officers on	Mountbatte	
	and				loan for India to develop Royal Indian	n,	
	Private				navy into a nationalized navy,	Suhrawardy	
	Papers				Individual contract between British	, Shyama	
					officer on loan and the Govt. of India,	Prasad	
					Officers in the RF (Royal Navy)	Mookerjee	
					anxious about their future at		
					independence of India, to seek		
					appointment elsewhere.		
					Reconstruction of Indian armed		
					forces, circular not to reduce the		
					armed forces, Situations in Assam,		
					Report of the Bengal Boundary		
					Commission relating Sylhet district to		
					the Viceroy by C. Radcliffe. Note of		
					an interview which Mr. Kiran		
					Shankar Ray, Leader of the Congress		
					Parliamentary group, had with the		
					Governor of Bengal (22 march 1947)		
					-KSR criticized Suhrawardy's Govt.		
					and opined that the Hiindus may stop		
					paying taxes to his Govt & instead		
					form their own alternative Govt.,		
					Demand for division of Bengal by Dr.		
					Shyama Prasad Mookerjee (March 25		
					1947) 'Our communal solution lies, in		
					such circumstances, in demanding for		
					ourselves a separate province which		

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related persons	Related places
	II / II Cu			uutes	will be large enough in area &	persons	places
					population & in which will reside		
					more than two-thirds of the total		
					Hindu population of Bengal'		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
D 1111	n Area	27 /4 77 40	3.6	dates		persons	places
British	India	Neg/15540	Mountbatten Papers	1947-48	Minutes of the 6th meeting of the	Barindra	Calcutta
Library	Office				Separation Council Bengal held at	Ghose,	
	Records				Govt. House, Calcutta on 19th July	Charu	
	and				1947, Minutes of the 5th meeting of		
	Private				the Separation Council Bengal held at	Ray	
	Papers				Govt. House, Calcutta on 15th July		
					1947, Minutes of the 4th meeting of		
					the Separation Council Bengal held at		
					Govt. House, Calcutta on 10th July		
					1947, Memorandum of the Calcutta		
					District Muslim League to Sir Cyril		
					Radcliffe, Belvedre Calcutta-		
					"Calcutta is a Problem by Itself:		
					Knottiest & most Complex Question		
					before the Boundary Commission (11		
					July 1947), Newspaper cuttings on		
					the partition of Bengal- Morning		
					News (July 14,17,19,20, 1947), Notes		
					by S.P.Mookerjee, Notes on Partition		
					of Bengal by an FRSS & FR Econ. S,		
					Nespaper cuttings on the partition of		
					Bengal- Hindustan Standard(April		
					23, 1947), The Viceroy's visit to		
					Bengal & Note by the Viceroy (31		
					July 1947), Report of C. Radcliffe to		
					the Viceroy on the partition of Bengal		
					with Annexures A & B ('B' is		
					missing)		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	IOR/L/E/8/74	The Partition of	Oct-48	Terms of allotting railway assets to		
Library	Office	39	Indian Railways		two Dominions. Broadly divided into		
	Records				two sections: West Pakistan and East		
	and				Pakistan. Each category has three		
	Private				topics: 'Demarcation of Railway		
	Papers				system', 'Headquarters of		
					Organization', 'Division of Assets'. It		
					also includes a general topic 'Some		
					effects of Partition'. Appendix A;		
					Summary by gauges & traction of		
					railway mileage in India & Pakistan,		
					Appendix B: Detailed mileages of		
					railway systems in India & Pakistan.		
					Plans (in pocket at back cover) [maps]		
					1. West Pakistan 2. East Pakistan 3.		
					Indian subcontinent showing		
					principal railways		
British	India	IOR/L/E/8/58	India News:	Sep-47	Compilation of news items such as		
Library	Office	19: Sept	Compiled from		'Pandit Nehru analyses Indian		
	Records	1947-Jan1949	Official & Press		situation in a press conference, Reprts		
	and		Sources		on mass evacuation in the Punjab,		
	Private				Situation in Delhi, The Refugee		
	Papers				problem in Delhi: Broadcast talk by		
					Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Minister of		
					Health, Govt of India' etc.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	IOR/L/E/8/39	International Trade	Sep-48	Correspondences between		
Library	Office	21: Jun 1947-	Organization Effect		International Trade Organisation and		
-	Records	Mar 1948	of Partition of India		Foreign Office regarding the present		
	and		into two Dominions		& future of trade in India and Pakistan		
	Private		on position of India		and the mutual trade relations		
	Papers		and Pakistan in the		between the two dominions		
			Organization				
British	India	Mss Eur D	The Indian Nation, a	04-Jun-	This newspaper published from Patna		
Library	Office	833/32	daily newspaper, vol	47	has the prime headline 'India Divided:		
	Records		5, no. 134		Bengal & Punjab be separated'. Sub-		
	and				headlines: 'HMG's proposals accepted		
	Private				by Congress, League, and Sikhs,		
	Papers				Referendum in Frontier Province &		
					Sylhet: Opinion of Baluchistan		
					people to be also ascertained, Calcutta		
					included in Hindustan, Lahore in		
					Pakistan', 'Hindustan and Pakistan to		
					have Dominion status, India Office to		
					be abolished: New Machinery being		
					setup to conduct future relations,		
					Partition of Bengal & Punjab a		
					national corollary',		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss/Eur/C31 3/18:1942- 1959	Sinclair Papers: Papers & Photographs of Maj Ronald Sinclair		The Sinclair papers constitute of correspondences that he had with the embassies of Pakistan and Afghanistan on various topics like 'Pakhtunistan', Pakistan-Afghanistan, Afganistan-Soviet relations. It contains news clippings. A paper read by Sir Hassan Suhrawardy on 'The Indian Crisis: Muslim Viewpoints' is given in page 62-76. There is a map of Bengal and Assam given on page 88 depicting India/Pakistan boundaries as fixed by the Boundary Commission 17 August 1947.		
British Library	Sound Archive	C1790/14	Kishwar Desai interviewed by Kavita Puri	01/03/20 17	Track 1: Lady Kishwar Desai. [0:00] Describes her family background: her mother and father were both in Lahore when partition took place. Describes her grandparents leaving their homes. [3:40] Comments on her grandfather returning to his home in 1948. Mentions the books that her grandfather retrieved from his home. [7:00] Reflects on the trauma of partition for her grandparents. Mentions that her grandfather supported partition but did not realise that the borders would be so rigid. [10:40] Describes partition as being like a third child: it was discussed at	Kishwar Desai	Bengal

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					home when she was growing up.		
					[12:00] Discusses how the		
					importance of not blaming anyone for		
					partition was instilled into her as a		
					child. [13:50] Comments on how		
					trauma and insecurity is passed down		
					from generation to generation.		
					Comments on her parents' nostalgia		
					and how that has passed on to her too.		
					[17:00] Discusses why her Dad did		
					not speak about his experiences.		
					Comments on why it is useful to have		
					a museum that collects stories of		
					partition. [Brief conversation between		
					interviewer and interviewee unrelated		
					to partition]. [20:30] Continues		
					talking about the importance of		
					having a museum, and remarks on		
					why it has taken 70 years for such a		
					place to exist. [25:00] Comments on		
					why the ordinary experience of		
					partition had not been previously		
					explored. [26:50] Discusses the lack		
					of understanding about partition in		
					schools and amongst younger		
					generations. [29:30] Discusses how		
					partition is not taught in great detail in		
					India and Pakistan. [30:15]		
					Comments on how the narratives of		
					partition are being politicised to this		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					day, and the importance of disrupting		
					that through projects like the museum		
					that she has founded. [33:00]		
					Discusses the shared heritage of those		
					who were divided by partition.		
					[34:45] Comments on what it is like		
					to talk about partition with people in		
					the UK. [37:00] Discusses why it		
					feels like people are ready to speak		
					after 70 years. [38:30] Comments on		
					the importance of having a memorial		
					to the lives and homes lost during		
					partition. Mentions the debt that is		
					owed to those who lost everything.		
					[41:50] Story of an elderly man from		
					Jalandhar who brought a memoir to		
					lady Desai. [44:50] Describes		
					returning to her ancestral homes, and		
					how her parents felt about going back.		
					[47:30] Discusses how the sense of		
					being a refugee never disappears for		
					those forced to flee. [49:20] Discusses		
					how this feeling passes down through		
					the generations. Mentions how these		
					memories become deeply embedded		
					in people. [51:50] Comments on		
					sexual violence towards women and		
					the process of gathering testimony		
					from women who have suffered this.		
					Comments on the amount of		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					traumatic stories about sexual violence and the importance of reflecting this in her museum. [56:50] Discusses the possibility of having similar museums in Bengal, Pakistan, Bangladesh and the UK as well as in Amritsar. [59:00] [Film from a different angle] [1:00:00] Delineates the specifics of the museum and what is exhibited there. [1:03:40] Describes the process of gathering together testimonies and material for the museum. [More conversation about the museum and the need to gather everything together by August 2017]		
British Library	Sound Archive	C1790/23	Anis Rahman interviewed by Tim Smith	Mar-17	Track 1: [0:00] Describes where he grew up and his memories of being a young boy in Malda, in West Bengal. Describes his father's job. Comments on how scared his mother was on one particular occasion in the lead-up to partition: she warned that she was in danger. Recalls the stories he heard from adults about the escalating violence. [5:00] Describes in more details the nature of the threat that his mother received. [6:00] Comments on moving to Calcutta to be with some of his uncles. Recalls the slogans that	Anis Rahman	Malda, Bengal

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					could be heard shouted in the streets		
					in Calcutta. Mentions that his father		
					returned from business because he		
					was scared about the escalating		
					situation: he no longer felt safe in a		
					Hindu-majority city. [10:00]		
					Mentions that his father's business		
					was ruined. Comments on how his		
					father responded to the danger his		
					mother had been in, and more details		
					about this incident. Remarks on		
					moving to East Bengal after Calcutta.		
					[15:00] Discusses the religious make-		
					up of East Bengal at the time. Reflects		
					on how much he knew about the		
					unfolding political situation from a		
					young age. [20:20] Comments on		
					what he can remember of speeches		
					made by Jinnah and Gandhi. Remarks		
					on his father and how demoralized he		
					was to have lost his job. Recalls the		
					songs and atmosphere around		
					independence day. [24:50] Remarks		
					on the cultural heritage of East		
					Pakistan. Recalls how a lot of Hindu		
					teachers left the school he went to in		
					East Pakistan, mentions that there was		
					a reliance on Hindus educationally.		
					[29:10] Discusses how everyone was		
					discussing whether Calcutta would go		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					to India or Pakistan. Comments on		
					how the first movements towards		
					Bangladesh began in the years		
					following partition. Discusses what		
					his parents thought about the		
					relationship between Hindus and		
					Muslims. Comments on moving to		
					Dhaka. [35:00] Describes why he		
					moved to the UK, and the effect that		
					his father had had on him in that		
					regard. [40:00] Speaks in more detail		
					about why he wanted to continue his		
					education in London. Mentions that		
					neither he nor his parents have		
					returned to Malda, where he grew up.		
					Describes returning to Calcutta in		
					1972. Remarks that he is Bengali first,		
					before anything else. Recites a song		
					that he can remember. [45:00]		
					Reflects on how partition has		
					impacted him. Confirms that he came		
					to London in November 1963.		
					Comments on the far-reaching effects		
					of partition. Introduces himself.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	Sound	C1790/12	Anindya		Track 1: Anindya Raychaudhuri	Anindya	
Library	Archive		Raychaudhuri		[0:00] [Interview preamble] [1:00]	Raychaudhu	
			interviewed by		Remarks that both sides of his family	ri	
			Kavita Puri		are survivors of Partition, moving		
					from what is now Bangladesh to West		
					Bengal. [2:00] Story of being a seven-		
					year-old boy and asking his mother		
					about where their family came from.		
					Comments on the importance of		
					buying a home for refugee families.		
					[3:40] Discusses how he always knew		
					about the home his parents had left		
					behind. [6:00] Discusses whether his		
					parents ever got over their own		
					parents experience of partition.		
					Distinction between inherited pain		
					and direct pain. [8:00] Discusses how		
					the legacy of partition passes down		
					through the generations. [9:00]		
					Comments on how Brexit changed		
					how he thought about owning a		
					property. [10:30] Reflects on reasons		
					why he might have chosen academia		
					as a career. Discusses how Brexit		
					made him feel. [14:00] Discusses the		
					disparity between how we think of		
					history and how we live through		
					moments that will one day become		
					historic. [15:50] Comments on why		
					those who survived partition don't		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					speak about their experiences. [20:00]		
					Comments on how people		
					remembered pre-partition times as		
					being halcyon days. Mentions that		
					there is still a gap in our		
					understanding in terms of the		
					disparity between the		
					harmoniousness of peoples who had		
					lived as neighbours for centuries and		
					the violence that occurred during		
					partition. Discusses how the		
					narratives surrounding partition have		
					been politicised. [25:00] Comments		
					on the lack of memorials for partition		
					in Bangladesh, India and Pakistan.		
					Remarks on how the history of		
					partition has never been fixed,		
					making it easier for politicians to use		
					as a political justification for certain		
					acts. [27:20] Comments on the		
					importance, and difficulties, of oral		
					history. [33:50] Discusses his		
					grandparents returning to where they		
					had grown up. Mentions trying to go		
					to Bangladesh. Comments on his		
					father bringing back soil from where		
					he imagines his home would have		
					been if partition had not happened.		
					[37:00] Mentions that emotional		
					attachment to certain places has		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					survived despite mass displacement.		
					[39:00] Returns to subject of the		
					importance of oral histories for		
					remembering a story that might one		
					day be forgotten. [41:30] Discusses		
					the concern that speaking about issues		
					such as partition might unearth		
					tensions that have become buried.		
					[44:30] Comments on the legacy of		
					partition with regards to the lack of		
					cohesion between religious		
					communities. [45:20] Remarks on		
					how partition is not taught in schools.		
					[49:00] Discusses whether trauma		
					passes down through the generations.		
					[52:50] Comments on how partition		
					has affected what he does for a living.		
					[55:30] Mentions the importance of		
					understanding partition in		
					understanding British Asians. [56:40]		
					Describes partition as being		
					simultaneously the most talked about		
					and least talked event in south Asian		
					history. [57:30] Discusses the effect		
					of partition on women.		
					_		

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related persons	Related places
British	Sound	C900/00027	Millennium Memory	19-Dec-	Track 02. Family had lost out over	Prafula	East
Library	Archive	Track 02	Bank	98	partition; lost their lands in East	Kumar	Pakistan,
					Bengal; father died in 1949 when he	Chandra	London
					was 14; had mother and five children		
					to support; worked in a shop during		
					the day and was a peddler in the		
					evening;		
British	Sound	C739/17/01	National Co-	31/10/19	Born in beautiful village by river in a	Farouk	Bengal
Library	Archive		operative Oral	92	farmhouse. Brought up there until he	Haider	
-			History Project		had to move to town to go to school.		
					Very small town, but very rich one.		
					Commercial town. During and before		
					war it had the most medical		
					practitioners in the whole of Bengal,		
					so lots of educated people in the area.		
					Rich cultural influences. Partition of		
					India split Bengal. Political turmoil.		
					Finished secondary education. Moved		
					into the city for further education.		
					Diploma in Power Technology.		
					While doing that was involved with		
					Americans, English and other		
					foreigners. Close contact with		
					embassies. Course at Polytechnic was		
					based on the curriculum of the		
					Oklahoma State University. Had		
					advisers from America. Did		
					apprenticeship of one year with local		
					power company. Before finishing		
					that, had the opportunity to come to		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					Britain. Had opportunity to talk to		
					Duke of Edinburgh, who opened an		
					exhibition he was running for the		
					college. Showed DoE around, and		
					DoE said he would have a better		
					opportunities if he came to Britain.		
					Wanted to study further but had to		
					find work as he had no money. Moved		
					from London to Leicester because of		
					job situation in early sixties. Started		
					part-time evening course. During day		
					did full-time work, then used to go		
					straight to college. 9.30pm arrived		
					home, cooked, did some homework,		
					went to bed. When finished course,		
					changed his job. Found job servicing		
					electrical equipment. Mid Sixties,		
					joined local Labour Party. Had an		
					activist who was heavily involved		
					with the local Co-op. Influenced him		
					to join the Leicester Society. Co-		
					operative Society where he came		
					from in Bengal. More and more		
					agricultural co-ops in the Far East		
					these days. Co-op background in a		
					small society in the Thirties and		
					Forties. Became active almost		
					immediately. First year was active in		
					National Guild of Co-operators.		
					Joined Co-op Party. Two years later		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					had the opportunity to get into the		
					Education Department. A temporary		
					vacancy for a year. He was nominated		
					and got on to the committee first time.		
					Enjoyed it. Observed for about three		
					months to see how it functioned, then		
					started to be active. Has been on ever		
					since, except for one year. Chairman		
					for one year of the Society Party		
					Council for Leicestershire, which		
					gave him experience of the political		
					side. Secretary of National Guild of		
					Co-operators in Leicester, which gave		
					him experience of admin. Experience		
					on Education Committee of how the		
					Co-op runs its groups. Got to know		
					the directors. After about six years he		
					had enough knowledge and		
					experience to be OD the board.		
					Seventh year he put up for the board		
					and got on second time. Since then he		
					has been on the Leicester Regional		
					Board. Chairman of the Education		
					Committee. Never wanted to be		
					involved in local politics. Enjoys		
					working for the party. Shouldn't		
					assume that all activists eventually		
					want to become politicians. Attended		
					all council meetings for a while.		
					Heavily involved with housing,		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					planning and transport committees.		
					More he attended, more he felt it was		
					not the job for him. To be a local		
					politician is a fulltime job. Used to be		
					very outgoing in Bengal. Not very		
					interested in academic things.		
					Involved in outdoor activities,		
					enjoying life, sport, games. He was in		
					the Scouts, was a Rover, had army		
					training. Very important for		
					everybody to have a discipline. Still		
					proud of it. Hobbies used to be games		
					and sports. When he came to Britain		
					he came to a different type of society.		
					Difficult to find like-minded people.		
					Social structures are very different.		
					Family life is non-existent. Couldn't		
					play cricket at the weekend. Finds it		
					very difficult to find a partner to play		
					badminton or squash.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	Sound	C63/195/06	Interview with	1987-11	In 1942 a Lieutenant in the Navy;	Adhar	East
Library	Archive		Admiral Adhar	to 1988-	before that served on Atlantic	Kumar	Bengal,
			Kumar Chatterji	01	convoys; went to anti-submarine	Chatterji	Karachi
					school at Portland and then took		
					command of anti-submarine school at		
					Bombay 1942; details of postings		
					1942 forwards. Minimal impact on		
					Navy of nationalist movement;		
					politicians did not discourage service		
					by Indians in forces; Patel encouraged		
					him, realizing nationalists would		
					ultimately take over; therefore		
					politicians did not instigate Naval		
					Mutiny; recollections of Mutiny at		
					Karachi; achieved some		
					improvements in conditions (e.g.		
					food); one reason for Mutiny was		
					failure of few British officers to keep		
					in touch with men, but main reason		
					was grievances over demobilization.		
					Chatterji's feelings about Subhas		
					Chandra Bose and Indian National		
					Army (I.N.A.); still out of sympathy		
					with them; Chatterji loyal to those		
					who pay him and offer a career -		
					Congress equally with British;		
					unemployment reason for success of		
					recruitment; partition of forces		
					accepted as inevitable causing little		
					feeling among officers; many senior		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					officers Muslim, and India therefore		
					had to borrow British. Political		
					situation in 1945; little impact in		
					Navy; good British tradition of		
					keeping politics out of the mess;		
					comments on Mountbatten; he had		
					little option but to partition country;		
					partition had some advantages, e.g. in		
					abolishing reserved posts for		
					Muslims; psychological boost caused		
					by independence. Chatterji learnt		
					much from British officers; good		
					relations between British officers		
					'borrowed' after independence and		
					Indian officers; British less colour-		
					prejudiced than Dutch; Indian officers		
					trained in England tend to be slightly		
					pro-British; Indian purchase of ships		
					from Russia due to British failure to		
					extend credit. British nostalgia for Raj		
					due to style of life they led, to which		
					Indians did not particularly object;		
					Chatterji lost his property in East		
					Bengal because of partition but feels		
					no bitterness; fondest pre-1947		
					memories are of his Atlantic convoy		
					service; enjoyed commanding Delhi		
					at Coronation Naval Review 1953.		
					Reiterates view partition probably		
					best solution.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	Sound	C63/211	Interview with	1980 to	C63/211/02, Side 2: District	Robins,	Bengal
Library	Archive		Leslie Cyril	1982	Magistrate there had grudge against	Leslie Cyril	
			Frederick Robins		the police. Robins shared house with	Frederick	
			and Ena Robins		Assistant Magistrate and both were		
			(section 1)		distrusted by the Magistrate (1933).		
					Anecdotes about how they did not get		
					on. Clash of Muslim and Hindu		
					festivals in this year with possibility		
					of clashes all over the province.		
					Successfully managed by Robins with		
					no help from Magistrate. Olympic		
					Association to be set up in the District		
					and Robins not prepared to run it.		
					Dispute over whether or not to		
					prosecute over a murder. Eventually		
					ordered not to serve in same District		
					as each other, although the Magistrate		
					seemed to have quarrelled with every		
					Superintendent he worked with.		
					Possible serious consequences		
					because Indians made most of such		
					divisions. Observations on massacres		
					after Independence. Ownership of		
					land, as well as religion, was a cause.		
					In Calcutta, Muslims against Hindus -		
					admiration for Gandhi in this		
					instance. Opinions about speed of		
					independence and partition. If police		
					morale had been maintained, the hand		
					over could have been more gradual		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					and peaceful. The scale and extent of		
					massacres and their impact - could		
					have been avoided. No physical		
					distinction between Bengal Hindus		
					and Muslims. Reflections on the		
					importance of support between the		
					two principal officers (magistrate and		
					police superintendent) in a District.		
					C63/211/04, Side 1: Many odd jobs		
					required of Superintendent of Police:		
					to marry Christians if magistrate not		
					available. Once had ringside seat at a		
					World Championship wrestling		
					match between an American and a		
					Punjabi but, as Superintendent, asked		
					to referee the match. They refused to		
					fight otherwise and he had to referee		
					to avoid a riot, even though he did not		
					know the rules. Superintendent		
					always given title "brave" by Indians.		
					Also required to conduct inquests in		
					case of sudden and unexpected death		
					of a European. Case of death of wife		
					of an army officer who, when drunk,		
					burnt to death as result of smoking in		
					bed. Officiated at two weddings in		
					Lucknow. An Indian ADC of Viceroy		
					married daughter of Indian Christian		
					judge. Big social occasion at the		
					Robins bungalow. They later		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					divorced. Tried to stop wedding of		
					Mohammedan ICS man to his English		
					landlady's daughter. Robins felt that		
					she was not his class. The wife later		
					went off the rails and approached		
					Robins to marry her again to a very		
					disreputable taluqdar. Was asked by		
					the tolerant first husband to stop the		
					wedding. Robins tried but she		
					insisted, so the wedding went ahead.		
					Other peculiar cases he dealt with:		
					when Sikhs escaped to the UP		
					because of atrocities in the Punjab		
					before Partition, a European woman		
					married to a Sikh with whom she was		
					fed up, came to ask for his protection.		
					Robins could not get rid of her. Her		
					husband visited him too. Also, an		
					Italian Mother Superior came to		
					report to him as an enemy alien,		
					dressed in Indian clothes. She had left		
					her order and asked for his protection.		
					He also could not get rid of her. At		
					Lucknow, the senior padre in charge		
					of the main Church fell in love with		
					an Anglo-Indian member of his choir.		
					Letters written to her got into the		
					hands of MLA (Member of the		
					Legislative Assembly) who was		
					going to blackmail the Archdeacon.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					Reported by intelligence staff to		
					Robins who determined to stop it. Got		
					letters out of him by threatening to		
					expose his crooked racecourse		
					dealings. Homosexuality very		
					common. Regent of Indore State in a		
					bad way because someone had run		
					away with his boyfriend. Prejudice at		
					police training college against people		
					who had been educated in India. First		
					person who had been posted to		
					Robins' province at Muharabad (?). A		
					handsome man who took no		
					advantage of his clear attraction to		
					women. Discovered later to be		
					homosexual and given option to		
					resign. He explained it as result of		
					being seduced by a teacher as a		
					schoolboy. (Break) Middle of an		
					anecdote: Major picked up drunk in		
					bazaar also found to have a beardless		
					Sikh orderly and to be homosexual.		
					Sikhs good soldiers but unreliable.		
					Killed 9 or 10 officers on the Frontier.		
					Robins suspicious that a Punjabi		
					regiment at Jhansi had been infiltrated		
					by a communist cell. Later mutinied		
					at outbreak of War. Also 2 squadrons		
					of Central India Horse mutinied when		
					ordered abroad. Mutinous Sikhs shot		

n Area	dates	or sent to penal settlements. (Gap - unrelated material) Side 2: [Blank]	persons	places
		america material) Side 2. [Blank]		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	Sound	C5/102	Interview with	1975-10	[Cassette 1, side 1] His father's	Mirza	India
Library	Archive		Mirza Rashid Ali	to 1976-	distinguished position in the British	Rashid Ali	
			Baig	02	Raj as an administrator in the early	Baig	
					part of the century (died 1930). His		
					efficiency - made no difference		
					whether or not you were an Indian.		
					Baig taken to England aged five and		
					remained there 1910-24. As a boy		
					growing up, felt no colour prejudice -		
					difference between Englishmen in		
					India and in England. Way of life of		
					Indians in England at that time: did		
					not withdraw into clubs like British in		
					India did. Experience at public school		
					at Clifton - importance of public		
					school values in shaping British rule		
					in India, especially integrity and fair		
					play. Circumstances of joining army		
					after school in 1922, as part of first		
					intake of Indians into Sandhurst.		
					Attractions of an army career - no		
					thought of war. Almost a young		
					Englishman but treatment at		
					Sandhurst was a wound from which		
					he never recovered. Different from		
					public school because these were the		
					sons of Indian Army officers and also		
					now he was in competition with them.		
					Attitudes of (non-ethnic) Anglo-		
					Indians to entry of Indian officers -		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					resentful. Anecdote of talk given in		
					front of him by British officer about		
					problem of serving under Indians.		
					Contrast between serving in British		
					regiments, who had no prejudices,		
					and in Indian Army regiments, who		
					were resentful. Judged as a person in		
					British regiment. British officers in		
					Indian regiments did not understand		
					India at all. Lived isolated from their		
					men. No "brother officer" feeling		
					between Indian and British officers in		
					his regiment. However, he was a		
					pioneer and things might have		
					changed for those Indians who came		
					after him. He was only the third		
					Indian officer to join his regiment.		
					Resentment because other officers		
					moved out to make way for them.		
					Played polo together but only really		
					co-existed. Indian officers knew far		
					more about the men than the British		
					officers, who never really mastered		
					the languages, only enough to give		
					orders. Had very little dealings with		
					the men - none informal, only on the		
					parade ground. Routines of army life		
					kept officers out of contact with the		
					men. Lower ranks would not discuss		
					what they really thought of the British		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					- it would not have been fair to ask.		
					No special bonds between men and		
					British officers. A certain amount of		
					hypocrisy on the part of the Indian		
					men because, to get promotion you		
					had to be efficient and loyal. This		
					affected thinking of the men - took		
					care to see that they were not		
					considered to be dangerous. Baig was		
					considered dangerous because he		
					objected to the treatment he received.		
					He left the army on personal not		
					patriotic grounds. Met Mrs Naidu, a		
					great friend of his mother, but she did		
					not influence him to leave. At		
					Allahabad, met for the first time		
					Indian society - unlike at Jhansi which		
					was simply a cantonment. Met Pandit		
					Nehru (father of Jawaharlad) - a		
					dominating personality, stronger than		
					any of his descendants. Not the major		
					influence on his son's attitudes which		
					was socialism. J. Nehru's influences		
					were left wing British. His father was		
					more conservative. Baig's new circle		
					of Indian friends encouraged him to		
					stay in the army - his patriotic duty to		
					stay. But he left for business because		
					of the social ostracism. Move into		
					business hurt Baig's father but no		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					feeling of being down-graded. British		
					business divided into commercial and		
					mercantile sectors. Snobbishness		
					between the two - background of		
					commercial businessmen same as		
					officers. Baig joined Tatas, a big		
					industrial firm, a steel company. No		
					social contact between British and		
					Indian businessmen. Tatas recruited		
					only Indians. Big trading firms were		
					purely British managed - no Indians		
					in the upper ranks. Baig's marriage as		
					a Muslim to a Hindu - accepted by his		
					parents who had lived in England.		
					Nature of Muslim-Hindu friction is		
					communal rather than religious. Baig		
					brought up as an agnostic, the same as		
					most boys at public school though		
					forced to go to chapel. In Bombay in		
					1930s, formation of separate Indian		
					and British Progressive Groups.		
					Young British people coming out had		
					different attitudes from the old hands		
					and were appalled at the gulf between		
					them and Indians. Groups invited to		
					talk to each other but this did not go		
					far beyond the members. Position of		
					boxwallahs. British businessmen only		
					met Indians they were doing business		
					with and therefore had no experience		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					of Indian social equals. Some clubs		
					remained exclusively British until the		
					British left. Baig understands the		
					reasons for this: homesickness and the		
					lack of anglicised Indian women.		
					Sympathises with people wanting to		
					be among themselves but naturally		
					this was resented. Jinnah was		
					outstanding figure in Bombay. Knew		
					Baig's family and a friend of Mrs.		
					Naidu so had met him before. He was		
					also an agnostic. Asked Baig to help		
					him - flattered. Became a sort of PPS.		
					So not really a member of the Muslim		
					League, just worked for Jinnah		
					personally. Left in 1940 about the		
					issue of separatism. It was a joke -		
					Jinnah used to laugh about the idea of		
					partition. The only separatism would		
					be a separate electorate but within a		
					common India. Baig left as soon as it		
					was on the cards. Realised that Jinnah		
					was ambitious and could only rise on		
					a Muslim platform. British are too		
					easily blamed for separatist politics		
					but it really comes from the two		
					separate ways of life of Muslims and		
					Hindus. There could have been no		
					other solution, he thinks, but he was		

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related persons	Related places
					agnostic and interested only in India and so was against it.	-	-
					and so was against it.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related	Related places
British Library	n Area Sound Archive	C940/17	V.P. Menon interviewed by Henry Vincent Hodson	02/09/19 64	About the British in India; position when Mountbatten arrived; his advisers; effect of partition on Bengal and Punjab; Congress attitude in 1946/1947; Mountbatten changes policy; why Nehru and Jinnah agreed; Lady Mountbatten's part; Montagu Reforms; why Congress demanded cash in 1939; disservices done by Gandhi; Bose, Patel, Nehru and the Congress; Patel-Nehru row about	persons V.P. Menon	places
					Hyderabad.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	Sound	C1790/01	Mohindra Dhall	17/01/20	Track 1: [0:00] Mohindra Dhall, born	Mohindra	Lahore
Library	Archive		interviewed by	17	Lyallpur (now Faisalabad),	Dhall	
			Kavita Puri		September 13th 1941. Shows brick		
					from the house he grew up in before		
					partition. Mentions photographs		
					taken on his return to the place of his		
					birth. Describes history and		
					geography of Lyallpur. Describes his		
					father's job with the Public Works		
					Department. [7:00] Recounts		
					memories of childhood, including a		
					game of chase up and down a tree.		
					Describes leaving Pakistan to come to		
					India on September 13th 1947, his		
					sixth birthday. Mentions his father		
					wanted to stay in Pakistan, only		
					deciding to leave when the situation		
					became too violent to stay. Describes		
					packing up their few belongings and		
					mentions travelling 25 miles to catch		
					the train from Choorkana (now		
					Farooqabad). [13:00] Comments on		
					being too young to realise that he		
					would not return. Describes walking		
					along the rail track to Choorkana,		
					including an incident where a train		
					came and everybody he was with ran		
					off scared into the undergrowth.		
					[17:00] Story about entering a village		
					and there being dead bodies and then		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					immediately leaving the village.		
					Story about being bitten by a		
					scorpion. Recounts being in a village		
					named Sacha Sauda where there was		
					a lot of gunfire. It was file miles from		
					the railway station at Choorkana and		
					the family were eager to leave		
					Pakistan. Story about nearly getting		
					the train to Lahore. His brother could		
					not fit onto the train so Mohindra's		
					father took the whole family off the		
					train. The next day they heard that		
					everyone on board that train was		
					slaughtered. [23:00] Describes taking		
					the train to Lahore three or four days		
					later. Mentions hearing Sardar Patel,		
					the Deputy Prime Minister of India,		
					saying on the radio that if any more		
					trains came from Pakistan filled with		
					dead bodies then nobody would leave		
					India. Mentions weapon that was		
					taken from his brother and train		
					journey from Lahore to Shahdara.		
					Describes long wait at Shahdara		
					station and the thousands of people on		
					the train. Comments on the intense		
					conditions, the lack of food, and the		
					crying children. [29:00] Mentions		
					arriving in Amritsar and then living in		
					Firozpur. [31:00] Interviewer asks		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					Mohindra detailed questions about his		
					journey from Lyallpur. Mohindra		
					describes sleeping under the trees.		
					Mentions his fear at being at Lahore		
					station. Describes living in Firozpur		
					and moving to Delhi in either late		
					1948 or early 1949. [34:20]		
					Comments on how partition affected		
					his father, forty years after		
					Mohindra's father left Pakistan he		
					still regretted it. Mentions the book		
					his father wrote about his life.		
					Comments on the necessity of		
					working much harder as an		
					immigrant. Discusses the political		
					situation in Pakistan and how that has		
					prevented members of his family		
					from returning. [41:20] Comments on		
					the legacy of partition. Describes the		
					background to a trip he took to		
					Pakistan. Comments on why he		
					wanted to return there, including to		
					see the place where he used to play		
					games as a child.		
					0 as a community		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	Sound	C1790/32	Ramen Banerjee	27/04/20	Track 1: [0:00] Describes where he	Ramen	Bengal
Library	Archive		interviewed by Tim	17	grew up. Comments on the religious	Banerjee	
			Smith		make-up of the village. [5:20]		
					Mentions that he had some good		
					Muslim friends. Mentions that his		
					friends in the village were all Hindus.		
					[7:10] Remarks that when he was		
					living in a Hindu enclave in Dhaka.		
					[10:30] Describes the riots that were		
					taking place in 1939, including the		
					use of scalding syrup to burn people.		
					[Later transpire that this syrup		
					incident was actually in 1944].		
					[16:20] Comments on the position		
					that Muslims held in society in Dhaka		
					and the surround area. [20:00]		
					Remarks on whether the Muslim		
					community felt exploited. Comments		
					on Shia-Sunni violence that took		
					place. [24:50] Discusses his		
					involvement in the Quit India		
					Movement. Mentions that he wanted		
					to hurt the British because of, for		
					example, their divide and rule policy.		
					[29:10] Describes the looting that he		
					was involved in. Mentions that he		
					carried weapons in a book bag.		
					[34:30] Mentions a petrol bomb that		
					was made. Describes throwing a		
					petrol bomb into a crowd of Muslims.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					Mentions that he feels remorse about		
					it, although he didn't at the time.		
					[40:30] Describes an incident when		
					his enclave in Dhaka was attacked.		
					Recalls throwing bricks to defend		
					himself. [44:40] Comments on		
					recruiting people to an armed force in		
					the independence struggle. [48:00]		
					Gives details about looting the ITC		
					period tobacco company. Remarks		
					upon how emboldened he and his		
					comrades were by the fact that		
					independence was coming. [54:35]		
					Recalls direct action day on August		
					16th 1946. Remarks on Jinnah.		
					Comments on why he dislikes		
					Gandhi. [1:01:40] Comments on 1947		
					and how they had not expected		
					Muslims to dominate but suddenly		
					they dominated. Does not recall a		
					particular moment when he heard that		
					independence was going to happen:		
					everyone just knew. [1:05:00] Recalls		
					Independence day. Describes his		
					surprise when the Muslims demanded		
					that the flag of India be taken down.		
					Recalls the songs that were being		
					sung on Independence Day.		
					Describes the moment that the		
					Muslims told him to take down the		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					flag as being the moment that Hindus		
					were no longer masters. [1:11:20]		
					Discusses his father's illness.		
					[1:15:20] Describes his journey out of		
					East Pakistan. Comments on how		
					little money he had. Describes how he		
					started life again in his new home in		
					Ranaghat. [1:19:20] Comments that		
					he intended to study medicine.		
					[1:22:20] Comments that he decided		
					to leave India in 1964. Explains why		
					he moved. [1:24:25] Discusses a		
					football club that he started.		
					Comments on his typhoid. [1:32:00]		
					Mentions a college that he joined after		
					partition. Studied intermediate arts.		
					[1:37:39] Describes moving to		
					Germany, and then going from there		
					to Britain in May 1966. [1:39:00]		
					Comments on his first impressions of		
					Britain. Comments on Enoch Powell.		
					[1:42:00] Reflects on partition.		
					[1:44:30] Comments on his children's		
					response to partition. Introduces		
					himself.		

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related persons	Related places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur D844/4	File containing tour diary; official and demi-official letters; Japanese propaganda leaflets and Japanese currency notes printed mainly for use in Burma	1943-44	The file includes a notice proclaiming the formation of a provisional government of Azad Hind, signed by Subhas Chandra Bose at page 29. There are propaganda leaflets at pages 93-116, 118-121, including leaflets relating Singapore. The file also includes the following banknotes issued by the Japanese Government: • Quarter rupee (page 88) • Half rupee (page 89) • One rupee (2 banknotes, pages 90-91) • One yen (page 92) There is a diary of John Brigg-Davison, ICS, who was posted in Chittagong at the Bengal-Burma border. It contains every day description of arrangements when the japanese attack was at the offing.	Chandra	Singapor

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	Mss Eur	Accounts of British	1934-	Accounts of British rule in India, in		
Library	Office	C808	rule in India, in	1948	particular of the Bihar Earthquake		
	Records		particular of the		1934 with copy photographs of		
	and		Bihar Earthquake		earthquake damage, and Calcutta and		
	Private		1934 with copy		Bengal 1939-48, by Margaret		
	Papers		photographs of		Stavridi, wife of A G Stavridi, East		
			earthquake damage,		Indian Railway engineer; also printed		
			and Calcutta and		account of `East Indian Railway and		
			Bengal 1939-48, by		Damodar Flood Breaches, 1943'; and		
			Margaret Stavridi,		Japanese war propaganda leaflet		
			wife of A G Stavridi,		[1942].		
			East Indian Railway				
			engineer; also				
			printed account of				
			`East Indian Railway				
			and Damodar Flood				
			Breaches, 1943'; and				
			Japanese war				
			propaganda leaflet				
			[1942].				
British	India	Mss Eur	Envelope containing	0/0/1942	Envelope containing photographs and		Burma
Library	Office	E338/7	photographs and		leaflets relating to the Japanese		
	Records		leaflets relating to		invasion of Burma and the British		
	and		the Japanese		withdrawal. It also contains two		
	Private		invasion of Burma		colourful Japanese propaganda		
	Papers		and the British		posters against the British for the		
			withdrawal.		Burmese people.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur E360/19	Miscellaneous printed materials in Oriental languages mainly relating to Government propaganda on various matters including agriculture, war, the threat of communism and including an anti-	1930- 1947	Miscellaneous printed materials in Oriental languages mainly relating to Government propaganda on various matters including agriculture, war, the threat of communism and an anti-Hitler poster.	Gandhi	
D. M. I	T 1') f = 1.72	Hitler poster.	10.12	05 11 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.11.1	
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur A73: 1943	Unpublished printed pamphlets issued by the Indian National Army	1943	25 pamphlets containing each Platoon Lecture on a specific topic like 'Unity of India, Past And Present'. The pamphlets were published by the Department of Enlightenment and Culture, INA. They were printed at 'The Indo Sinbun Sha, Syanon'. Each pamphlet was of 6 pages. There are also one INA Army Pay Book, and a pocket book of 'Do's and 'Dont's for the Officers and the Men of the INA.	Chandra Bose	
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/12/ 505	German, Italian and Japanese propaganda in India	Nov 1936- Sep 1939	Confidential intelligence reports on the Nazi propaganda in India	Habibur Rahman	

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	IOR/L/PS/12/	Subversive	1 Sep	Report on subversive propaganda in	G.E	
Library	Office	415	propaganda in	1940-27	Hindustani by German and Japanese	Crombie	
	Records		Hindustani by	Sep 1940	wireless		
	and		German and				
	Private		Japanese wireless				
	Papers						
British	India	IOR/L/PJ/12/	Activities of Indians	Apr	Report and correspondences on the	Rash Behari	
Library	Office	480	in Japan and	1934-Jul	activities of Indians in Japan and	Bose,	
	Records		Japanese propaganda	1942	Japanese propaganda in India	Rajendra	
	and		in India			Prasad	
	Private						
	Papers	707 7 7 1 10 1		1011		~ .	
British	India	IOR/L/I/1/84	Anti-British	1941-	Correspondences on different	Cripps,	India
Library	Office	8	propaganda	1942	publications on India at the World	Gandhi,	
	Records				War II. It includes pamphlets	Nehru	
	and				published by the Union of Democratic		
	Private				Control, London, and a German		
D. C. C.	Papers) / F	T.	10.42	pamphlet titled 'Opium in Indian'.	G :	T 1'
British	India	Mss Eur	Two pro-	1942-	Two pro-Government propaganda	Cripps,	India
Library	Office	E360/23	Government	1944	pamphlets India's Right to Freedom	Gandhi	
	Records		propaganda		(1942) and 'Answers to an Intelligent		
	and		pamphlets India's		Man's Questions' (c1944); and a		
	Private		Right to Freedom		cyclostyled anti-British propaganda		
	Papers		(1942) and Answers		sheet 'Free India' (1942).Dated as:		
			to an Intelligent		1942; 1944. The 'Answers to an		
			Man's Questions		Intelligent Man's Questions' is critical		
			(c1944); and a		of Gandhi, and Congress, while		
			cyclostyled anti-		'India's Right to Freedom' is about the		
			British propaganda sheet 'Free India'		Cripp's proposals.		
			sneet Free maia				

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related persons	Related places
	IIII		(1942).Dated as: 1942; 1944	untes		persons	places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur Photo Eur 211	Copies taken from the microfilm (IOR Pos 3658) of the Reports, dated Jul- Aug 1947, of the Members of the Bengal and Punjab Boundary Commissions.		Reports, dated Jul-Aug 1947, of the Members of the Bengal and Punjab Boundary Commissions. It includes report of non-Muslim member Mr. Justice B.K. Mukherjee and Mr. Justice C.C. Biswas. Muslim members whose report was incorporated were Mr. justice A.S.M Akram and Mr. Justice S.A. Rahman.	Boundary Commissio n	Bengal
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur F161/45	Bengal and Calcutta: S G Taylor: 'Final Years of Stress in Bengal' (nd)	1942- 1947	Report of S.G. Taylor in a capacity of police official on last few years of the raj in Bengal. His report covers the communal politics of the then Chief Minister of Bengal and the impact of the 'Direct Action', the Bengal famine and black marketing of many members of the assembly.	S.G. Taylor, Gandhi	Bengal, Noakhali , Calcutta

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/7/1 2411	Bengal Disturbed Areas Ordinance, 1947	Aug-Sep 1947	The Calcutta Gazette containing the Bengal Disturbed Areas Ordinance, 1947, giving power to magistrates and police officer to fire against perpetrators of violence and lawlessness		
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/8/8 35	Evacuation plan: East Bengal	Jun 1948- Dec 1948	Plans of evacuation of non-Asiatic personnel in an emergency from East Bengal	Ayub Khan, A. R. Adair	East Bengal
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/I/1/42 5	Bengal riots	1946	Description of Riots in Calcutta on Direct Action Day of the Muslim League. A letter by Phillips Talbott gives a personal account of the riot. Transcript of radio broadcast of the speeches of the Governor of Bengal calling people to stop riots	Philips Talbott, Surawardy	Calcutta
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/8/4 75	Elections in India	1945-46	Detailed election result of Bengal where Muslim League clinched majority over congress. Newspaper cuttings of The Hindustan Times (8 April 1946) and The Dawn (5 April 1946) discussed the malpractice of the League and the victory of the League respectively.	Abul Kalam Azad, Gandhi, Jinnah	Bengal

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	Mss Eur	Political Adviser to	1948	Three private and confidential notes	Gandhi,	Punjab,
Library	Office	F174/1125	the ITA: notes on the		for Indian Tea Association from J.L.	Mountbatte	India,
	Records		political situation in		Llewellyn about the political situation	n, J.L.	Pakistan
	and		India and Pakistan		in India immediately after	Llewellyn	
	Private		and its implications		Independence. The note on 5 January	-	
	Papers		for the tea industry		1948, describes the scenes of		
	_				independence and of communal riots		
					and displacement of large population		
					as refugees. The note of 30 January		
					1948 highlights the growing tension		
					between India and Pakistan. It		
					observes Gandhi's role and anticipates		
					threat on his life. The third note of 4		
					March 1948 discusses the aftermath		
					of the assassination of Gandhi.		
British	India	IOR/L/PJ/7/1	Memorandum of	04-Nov-	A memorandum sent to the Viceroy		East
Library	Office	0574	Hyderabad Dist.	46	by the Hyderabad Dist. Cloth		Bengal
	Records		Cloth Merchants		Merchants Association urging to		
	and		Association		dismiss the Bengal Government for		
	Private				its failure to stop atrocities on Hindu		
	Papers				minorities.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
British Library	n Area India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur F158/259	Partition - India	dates 1943- 1950	The file contains miscellaneous documents pertaining to the aftermath of the Partition. A number of articles and news items on the subject were collected. For instance, 'Economics of Divided India (The Times, Jan 1948), 'Economic Consequences of Partition (Statesman, 15 Aug 1948), 'The Fateful Years that Led to a Partitioned India' (Daily Telegraph, 19 Oct 1947) etc. A booklet called India News compiled important news and declarations in India till week ending on 18 December 1947. A notification of the Legislative Dept. of 17 August 1947 brought out reports of the	persons Gandhi, Patel, Jinnah,	places India, Pakistan, Bengal
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur E341/46	Papers, including telegram exchanges between the Viceroy and Governor of Bengal concerning the position of Calcutta after Partition.	Apr-47	Bengal Boundary Commission and Punjab Boundary Commission for general information. Top secret' correspondences between Viceroy and the Governor of Bengal regarding schemes of Bengal Partition. There was a concern about Calcutta, as Jinnah and Muslim League claimed it. There is a detailed report and explanatory note on the Partition of Bengal.	J.D. Tyson, Christie, Nehru, Jinnah	India, Pakistan, Bengal

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	Mss Eur	Notes made for	1946	A confidential type-written report on	George	Calcutta
Library	Office	D911/11	evidence in enquiry		the massacre in Calcutta on the 16	Pinnell, J.	
	Records		into Calcutta the		August 1946 by a person who was a	Saddler,	
	and		Massacres of 1946		part of the Writers Building	Kiron	
	Private				administration. The report was of two	Shankar	
	Papers				parts: the first part describes the	Ray,	
					incidents of violence happened in	Shamsuddin	
					places like Theatre Road,	, Jyoti Basu	
					Chowringhee, Dalhousie Square,		
					Mallick bazar, Park Street, , Park		
					Circus, Ballygunge etc. The second		
					part of the report is about rescue		
					operations which was conducted		
					during violence. The report covered		
					the days of 16-20 August 1946. There		
					is a printed 8-page report entitled		
					'Rescue Organization Report' gives a		
					day-wise description of measures and		
					operations starting from 19 August to		
					24 August.		

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related	Related places
British	India India	Mss Eur	Note on the causes	1946	The printed note was proposed by the	persons Mahammud	Calcutta,
Library	Office	D911/12	of the Calcutta	1940	The printed note was prepared by the Home Department of the Government	UsmanKali	Bengal
Library	Records	D911/12	Disturbances, Aug		of Bengal. It discussed the subject	p[ada	Bengai
	and		1946, Home Dept,		particularly on four broad area: i)	Mukherji,	
	Private		Govt of Bengal		Deterioration in the relations between	Surendra	
	Papers		Govi of Beligal		the two communities, ii)	Mohan	
	1 apers				Undermining of authority, iii)	Ghosh	
					Preparations by the Muslim League	Gliosii	
					for Direct Action Day, iv) Hindu and		
					Congress reactions to the observance		
					of the Direct Action Day. It discussed		
					the historical, and socio-cultural		
					causes of animosity between the two		
					communities which got political		
					orientation during the Partition of		
					Bengal in 1905. The appendices		
					contain a number of resolutions and		
					manifestos of the Muslim League,		
					and English translation of prayers and		
					calls of Muslim organizations for		
					Direct Action. There is also a		
					statement of the Bengal Provincial		
					Congress on this issue.		
British	India	Mss Eur	Memorandum on the	1946	A type-written report specially on	Jasoda	Jessore,
Library	Office	D911/13	communal riot at		police firing in Narail on an armed	Kanta Roy	Bengal
	Records		Lahuria, Jessore		Muslim mob to stop their bloody		
	and		,		conflict with Namasudras. The firing		
	Private				and the riot took place on 17 may		
	Papers				1946.		

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related persons	Related places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur D911/14	Rescue Organisation Report, Chief Minister's Dept, Govt of Bengal, concerning the rescue of people from Calcutta to relief camps	1946	a printed 8-page report entitled 'Rescue Organization Report' gives a day-wise description of measures and operations starting from 19 August to 24 August.	F	Calcutta
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/I/1/11 29 File 462/125	Reconstruction in India	1943- 1947	Leaflets related to the reconstruction of India after the World War-II. "India Plans for the Future" is an eight-page leaflet surveying schemes for the industrial and economic development of India. It was issued by the Information Department of the India Office. "First Report on the Progress of Reconstruction Planning" was published on 1 March 1944 by the Govt. of India, Reconstruction Committee of Council.		India
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/8/8 57/4	West Bengal	Jun-Oct 1948	Reports on the condition of West Bengal after the Partition, especially that of refugees and their migrations.		West Bengal

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	IOR/L/I/1/11	Series of illustrated	1945-	Illustrated pamphlets like "Post-War		India
Library	Office	39 File	pamphlets on post-	1946	Planning: An Introduction", "400		
	Records	462/127j	war planning and		Millions to be Fed", "Conquest of		
	and		reconstruction in		Ignorance" aimed to bring out for		
	Private		India prepared by		public information the Government's		
	Papers		Bureau of Public		initiatives in general developments,		
			Information		food production, and education.		
British	India	Mss Eur	Papers, including	Apr-47	Correspondences between the	Tyson,	Calcutta,
Library	Office	E341/46	telegram exchanges		Viceroy and the Governor of Bengal	Ismay	Bengal
	Records		between the Viceroy		regarding the status of Calcutta after		
	and		and Governor of		the Partition and both provinces		
	Private		Bengal concerning		wanted it. The Governor opined that		
	Papers		the position of		Calcutta should be kept outside the		
			Calcutta after		Partition plan as an interim		
			Partition.		arrangement. But the Viceroy was		
					against the idea of keeping Calcutta as		
					free city.		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	Mss	Notes, articles,	1945-	Correspondences and draft notes of	Bill Archer,	Dumka,
Library	Office	Eur/F236/155	photographs and	1949	Bill Archer about the painter Gopal	Gopal	Calcutta,
	Records		correspondence with		Ghose, who made few paintings on	Ghose	London
	and		Gopal Ghose		the political activities, and violence of		
	Private				1946 around Partition and communal		
	Papers				riots. The letters included a few from		
					Gopal Ghose explaining him as an		
					artist, and the influence of other artists		
					on him. Few letters were written by		
					the Bengali poet Bishnu Dey about		
					Gopal Ghose, and Bishnu's own		
					opinion about sexuality and Tagore.		
					Nine black and white photographs of		
					some of Gopal's sketches along with		
					seven photos of the artist are also		
					included in the file. A rough draft in		
					pencil of Archer about Gopal Ghose		
					and his paintings is a part of this		
					collection.		
British	India	IOR/L/PJ/8/1	Anti-British	Mar	The file contains official		Japan,
Library	Office	23	propaganda	1937-	correspondences of anti-British radio		burma,
Library	Records	23	propaganda	Nov	propaganda broadcast by Japan, and		Hong
	and			1941	intended for the Indians. The		Kong
	Private			1741	broadcast was in Hindustani		Rong
	Papers				language, and subsequently was		
	apers				understood by a large number of		
					Indian population. Copies of protest		
					1 1 1		
					letters sent to Japan Government are		
				<u> </u>	also included in the file.		

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related persons	Related places
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/6/1 645	Japan: detection of Anti-British propaganda in the Asian Review : enclosures of English translation copies	Nov 1919- May 1921	The file contains confidential correspondences and reports about a monthly journal called 'The Asia Review', published in Japan. The journal was, as the report mentioned, an organ of that political party, of which Toyama Mitsuru was the chieftain, and which preached a doctrine of Asia for the Asiatics with Japan as leader in Asia. There are six 'Asian Review' in the file, and the March-April 1921 issue brought an article 'Historical Investigation into the Name Indies as Applied to India' by a Bengali Sital Chandra Chakravarty.	_	Tokyo, Japan
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/7/1 767	Letter from D.H. Jogina (?) drawing attention to anti- British feeling in India	20-Jan- 38	A hand-written letter by D.H. Jogina of Bombay to Lord Lamington attracting his attention to anti-British activities of the Indian National Congress.	D.H. Jogina, Lamington	Bombay
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/7/1 5831	Anti-British feeling in India and Pakistan	Sep-Oct 1947	The file contains newspaper cutting from the Hindustan Times of a news where H.N. Kunzru denied that he had made any statement against the European officers. A telegram report the UK High Commission to the Secretary of State for Commonwealth	H.N. Kunzru	Allahaba d

Repository	Collectio n Area	Reference	Title	Creation dates	Scope and Content	Related persons	Related places
					Relations on this statement also features in the file.		
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/L/PJ/8/1 23	Anti-British propaganda	Mar 1937- Nov 1941	Report on the Japanese broadcast of anti-British propaganda in Hindustani language.		Japan, India
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur/F341/139	Ganguli, Santa: Netaji and B.V. (chiefly recollections of anti-British activities on behalf of Subhas Chandra Bose and the Bengal volunteers)	1939- 1942	An article written by Santa Ganguli, who was a member of the Bengal Volunteer, a nationalist organization formed by Subhas Chandra Bose. It discusses the role of Netaji in leading various activities of the organization, specially after his escape from India.	Subhas Chandra Bose, Santa Ganguli, Hem Chandra Ghosh	Bengal
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	Mss Eur Photo Eur 425	D A Barker-Wyatt papers.	1947	An article titled, 'Partition of India 1947: The Memoirs and Experiences of a Sapper Subaltern with 2nd Indian Airborne Division	D.A. Barker- Wyatt	Multan

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	IOR/L/PJ/7/1	Appointment of Sir	01-Jun-	I. Letter of Cyril Radcliffe dated	Cyril	India,
Library	Office	2500	Cyril Radcliffe,	47	21.8.1947 (both typed and hand-	Radcliffe,H.	Bengal,
	Records		Chairman, Punjab		written), to the Secretary of State for	C.	Punjab,
	and		and Bengal		Commonwealth Relations requesting	Beaumont,	Pakistan,
	Private		Boundary		him to make arrangement of his	R.G.	London
	Papers		Commissions		remuneration of £100 for chairing the	Chisholm,	
					Boundary Commission, and not	L.H.	
					£2000 which he was entitled to. II.	Wakely,	
					Letter of R.G. Chisholm dated 18 July	Lord	
					1947, to the Assistant Secretary,	Mountbatte	
					Board of Trade, informing him that	n, Lord	
					Lady Radcliffe might not travel to	Listowel,	
					India. III. Reuter news of 8 July 1947	Mr.	
					that Sir Cyril Radcliffe 'arrived in	Rumbold,	
					New Delhi today by air from London'.	Mr.	
					III. A.G. Department notification that	Shattock	
					Sir Cyril Radcliffe would fly out to		
					India on the 6th July & his fare would		
					be paid by the AG, India Office. Lady		
					Radcliffe might join him later & her		
					passage would be similarly treated.		
					III. Telegram of Secretary of State to		
					the Viceroy regarding arrangements		
					for H.C. Beaumont to join Radcliffe		
					as his Secretary. IV. Letter of the AG		
					to the Secretary, Office of the High		
					Commissioner, India about the		
					payment of £100 to Sir Cyril		
					Radcliffe. Letter (5 July 1947) to Sir		
					Cyril Radcliffe informing him that		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					Mr. H.C. Beaumont would be his		
					Secretary, and arrangements of his		
					(Sir Cyril Radcliffe) air travel to		
					India. V. Confidential letter (4 July		
					1947) to Sir Cyril Radcliffe giving		
					information about his travel and stay		
					in India. VI. Letter (4 July 1947) to		
					L.H. Wakely, Ministry of Civil		
					Aviation regarding arrangement of air		
					travel for Lady Radcliffe to India.		
					VII. Letter to Sir P. Patrick about the		
					remuneration of £7000 that Sir Cyril		
					Radcliffe claimed for his assignment.		
					According to the letter, it seemed too		
					high for a job of two months. VIII.		
					Telegram from the Viceroy (3 July		
					1947) to the Secretary of State for		
					India on the payment of Sir Cyril		
					Radcliffe. IX. Extract from private		
					and secret letter of Lord Mountbatten		
					to Lord Listowel expressing		
					satisfaction on the appointment of Sir		
					Cyril Radcliffe as the Chairman of the		
					Boundary Commission. X.		
					Confidential report from the		
					Information Dept to the Viceroy		
					about the career of Sir Cyril Radcliffe.		
					XI. A letter of Mr. Rumbold (3 July		
					1947) mentioning the name of Mr.		
					Shattock as proposed chairman of the		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					Boundary Commission. XI.		
					Acknowledgement receipt written by		
					Sir Cyril Radcliffe of a letter		
					regarding the payment of £100. XII.		
					Official announcement of the name of		
					the members of the Boundary		
					Commissions for Bengal and Punjab		
					on 30 June 1947. The name of		
					Chairman would be announced later.		
					XII. A most urgent note (28 June		
					1947) from the Secretary of State for		
					India to the Viceroy requesting some		
					clarification like terms of reference of		
					the Boundary Commissions before		
					meeting Sir Cyril Radcliffe. XII. Note		
					(27 June 1947) from the Viceroy to		
					the Secretary of State for India		
					reporting the outcome of the meeting		
					of the Partition Council. XIII. Letter		
					dated 13 June of Lord Chancellor to		
					Lord Listowel about meeting Sir		
					Cyril Radcliffe, and Sir Cyril		
					Radcliffe's responses & financial		
					conditions to the proposal of the		
					Chairmanship of the Boundary		
					Commissions. XIV. A letter from		
					Listowel about the necessity of setting		
					up an arbitration tribunal for		
					addressing issues of the partition, and		
					the essential qualification of the		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
					Chairman of such a tribunal. XV. Telegram of from the Viceroy (7 June 1947) about the necessity of setting up an arbitration tribunal for addressing issues of the partition. XVI. A letter of H.A.F. Rumbold (25 August 1947) forwarding letter of C. Radcliffe where he expressed his wish to relinquish all his claim to remuneration, and instead wanted to draw £100. XVIII. Letter from the Secretary to the Govt. of India to the Secretary to the Govt. of Pakistan about the adjustment of payment of £100 to Mr. Radcliffe between two countries. XIX. Hand-written letter of C. Radcliffe (21 Aug 1947) to Carter informing that he had relinquished his emolument as a Chairman. XX.		
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/POS/365 8	Partition Proceeding, Volume I	26-Jul- 48	I. General: II. Partition Machinery: A. Statement of His Majesty's Government dated 3rd. June 1947. B. Resolution of Acceptance of Main Political Parties. C. The Indian Independence Act, 1947. D. Transitional Reconstitution of the Central Government. III. Division of Personnel: IV. Division of Office, Equipment & Furniture V. Division		

Repository	Collectio	Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates	of Office Records VI. Division of	persons	places
					Libraries, Archives and Museums VII. Unique Establishments VIII. Judicial Bodies Effect of Partition IX. Provincial Problems X. Miscellaneous		
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/POS/365 8	Partition Proceeding, Volume II	26-Jul- 48	I. Report of the Main Committee. A. Report of the Committee. B. Recommendation of the Steering Committee. C. Decision of the Partition Council II. Supplementary Report of the Committee on Lease/Lend Silver. III. Decisions of the Partition Council on matters which remained outstanding on the 15th August 1947		
British Library	India Office Records and Private Papers	IOR/POS/365 8	Partition Proceeding, Volume III	26-Jul- 48	1. Central Revenues. 2. Miscellaneous Revenues. 3. Contracts. 4. Currency, Coinage and Exchange. 5. Budget and Accounts. 6. Economic Relations (Controls). 7. Economic Relations (Trade). 8. Domicile and Nationality. 9. Foreign Relations.		

Repository		Reference	Title	Creation	Scope and Content	Related	Related
	n Area			dates		persons	places
British	India	IOR/POS/365	Partition Proceeding,	26-Jul-	1. General 2. Bengal Boundary		
Library	Office	8	Volume VI	48	Commission: A. Report of Non-		
	Records				Muslim Members B. Report of		
	and				Muslim Members. 3. Bengal (Sylhet)		
	Private				Boundary Commission: A. Report of		
	Papers				Non-Muslim Members B. Report of		
					Muslim Members C. Sir Cyril		
					Radcliffe's Award. 4. Punjab		
					Boundary Commission. 5. Decisions		
					of the Indo-Pakistan Boundary		
					Dispute Tribunal		
					-		